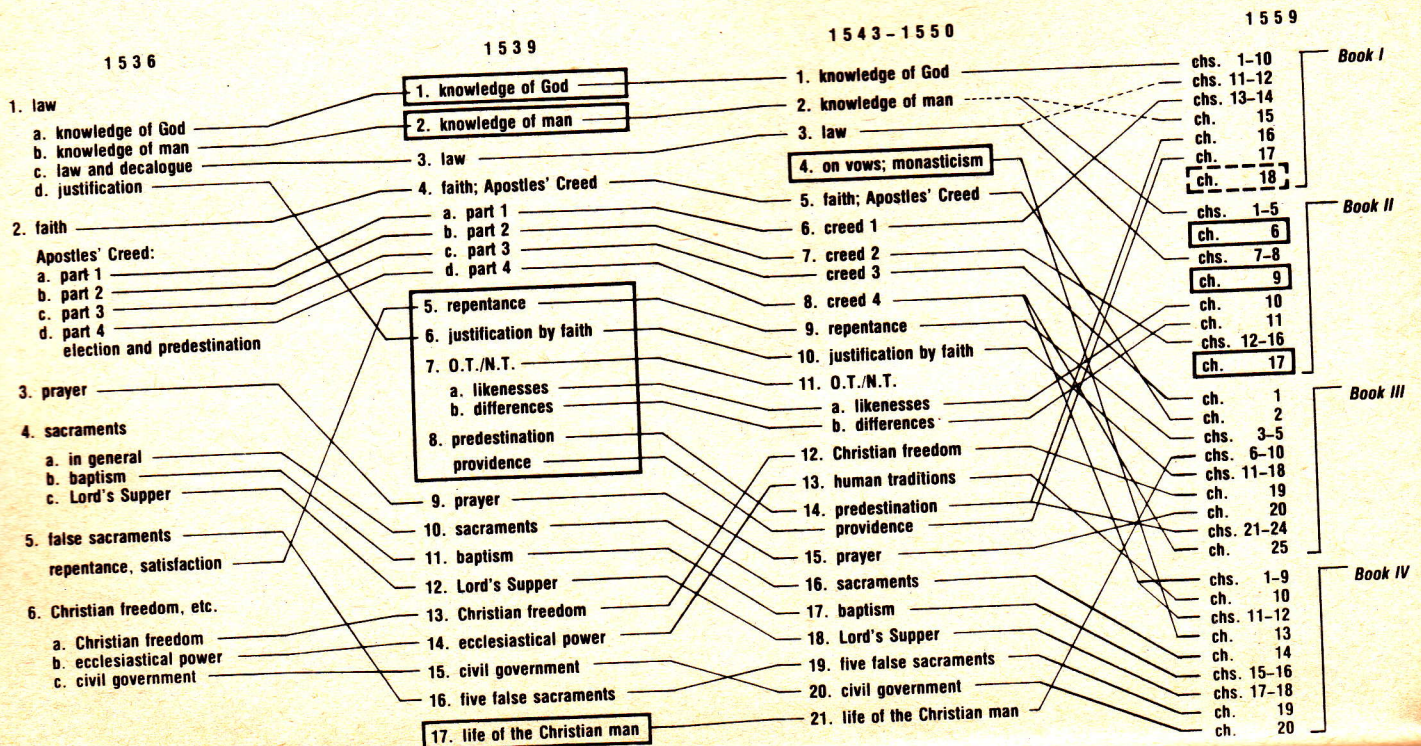


SHIFTS AND ADDITIONS OF MATERIAL IN THE FIVE CHIEF LATIN EDITIONS OF THE INSTITUTIO

(Boxes indicate new material; only main editorial blocs are shown)



RELATION OF CONTENTS Institution, 1536; Catechism, 1538; Institutes, 1539

ORGANIZATION OF THE 1536 INSTITUTION

- the law
 - knowledge of God and man (OS 1. 37-38)²
 - the law (38-40)
 - God's love in Christ (40-41)
 - exposition of the Decalogue (41-53)
 - summary (53-54)
 - justification (54-61)
 - uses of the law (61-63)
 - justification (cont'd.) (63-68)
- faith and the creed
 - faith and faith in the one God (68-75)
 - creed (75-93)
 - faith, hope, love (93-96)
- prayer and the Lord's Prayer
 - prayer in general (96-105)
 - exposition of the Lord's Prayer (105-115)
 - the practice of prayer (115-117)
- the sacraments
 - the sacraments in general (118-127)
 - baptism (127-136)
 - the Lord's Supper (136-160)
 - administration of the sacraments (160-162)
- the five false sacraments (162-223)³
 - confirmation (163-169)
 - penance (169-202)
 - extreme unction (202-205)
 - ecclesiastical orders (205-220)
 - marriage (220-223)
- Christian freedom, etc.
 - Christian freedom (223-233)⁴
 - ecclesiastical power (233-258)
 - civil government (258-286)

ORGANIZATION OF THE 1538 (1537) CATECHISM¹

- all men born for religion
- the difference between false and true religion
- what we must know of God
- man
- free will
- sin and death
- how we are restored to salvation and life
- the law of the Lord
- exposition of the Decalogue
- the sum of the law
- what comes to us from the law alone
- the law is a step toward Christ
- by faith we grasp Christ
- election and predestination
- what true faith is
- faith, God's gift
- we are justified in Christ through faith
- through faith we are sanctified into obedience to the law⁵
- repentance and regeneration⁵
- how the righteousness of good works and the righteousness of faith fit together
- the creed
- exposition of the creed
- what hope is
- prayer
- what is to be sought after in prayer
- exposition of the Lord's Prayer
- perseverance in prayer
- the sacraments
- what a sacrament is
- baptism
- the Lord's Supper
- the pastors of the church and their power
- human traditions
- excommunication
- magistracy

ORGANIZATION OF THE 1539 (1543) INSTITUTES

- knowledge of God (CR 1. 279-304)⁶
- knowledge of man (CR 1. 305-372)
- law (CR 1. 371-438)
- (5) faith (CR 1. 453-476)
 - (6) Apostles' Creed,¹ (CR 1. 477-514)
 - (7) Apostles' Creed,²⁻³ (CR 1. 513-538)
 - (8) Apostles' Creed,⁴ (CR 1. 537-686)
- repentance (CR 1. 685-736)
- (9) justification by faith (CR 1. 737-802)
- (11) likeness and difference of Old and New Testaments (CR 1. 801-830)
- (14) predestination and providence (CR 1. 861-902)
- (15) prayer (CR 1. 901-938)
- (16) sacraments (CR 1. 937-958)
- (17) baptism (CR 1. 957-990)
- (18) Lord's Supper (CR 1. 991-1038)
- Christian freedom⁴
- (13) ecclesiastical power (CR 1. 1039-1066)³
- (20) political administration (CR 1. 1099-1124)
- (19) false sacraments (CR 1. 1065-1100)
- (21) life of the Christian man (CR 1. 1123-1152)

1. For fuller details of the relation of 1536, 1538, and 1539, see textual notes.
John Calvin, *Catechism or Institution of the Christian Religion*, 1538, ET, F.L.
Battles (1972).
2. P. Barth and W. Niesel, *Calvini Opera Selecta*. Noted OS.
3. Ch. 5 (five false sacraments, 1536) carried over to ch. 14, 1539.
4. Ch. 6a (Christian freedom, 1536) carried over to ch. 13, 1539.
5. Sects. 17-18 (sanctification, repentance, and regeneration, 1538) scattered
to various chapters of 1539.
6. *Corpus Reformatorum: Johannis Calvini Opera quae super sunt omnia*.
Noted CR.